The Week of Millenniums

1 2 3 4 5 6 7

Lesson Eight
Daniel 9 and the Seventy Sevens

With the bride of Christ safely tucked away in heaven, God's focus turns to his chosen people left on earth. The nation of Israel experiences what Jeremiah called "the time of Jacob's trouble" — a time of fear and trembling that ultimately leads to her salvation.

Jeremiah 30:6-7

- Ask ye now, and see whether a man doth travail with child? wherefore do I see every man with his hands on his loins, as a woman in travail, and all faces are turned into paleness?
- Alas! for that day is great, so that none is like it: it is even the time of Jacob's trouble; but he shall be saved out of it.

This "time of Jacob's trouble" is also known as "the great tribulation".

Matthew 24:21

²¹ For then shall be great tribulation, such as was not since the beginning of the world to this time, no, nor ever shall be.

"Jacob" is a biblical term for Israel as a nation; Israel according to the flesh. "The house of Jacob" are the natural children of Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob.

Isaiah 58:1

Cry aloud, spare not, lift up thy voice like a trumpet, and shew my people their transgression, and the house of Jacob their sins.

The antithesis to the house of Jacob is spiritual Israel, "the Israel of God."

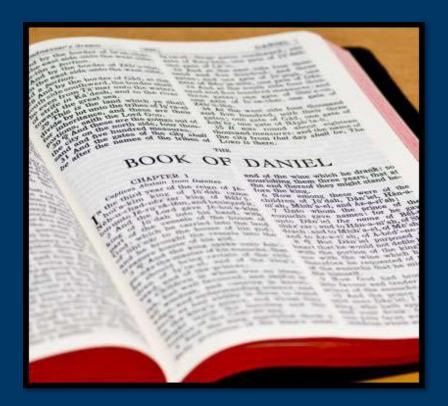
This is the congregation of new creatures in Christ – Jews (and saved Gentiles) whose sins were washed away by the blood of the Lamb.

Galatians 6:15-16

- ¹⁵ For in Christ Jesus neither circumcision availeth any thing, nor uncircumcision, but a new creature.
- ¹⁶ And as many as walk according to this rule, peace *be* on them, and mercy, and upon the Israel of God.

What is the great tribulation?
What is the purpose of it?
Who is involved?
How long will it last?
Will it happen before or after the Rapture of the Church?

The answers to all these questions are found in the book of Daniel.

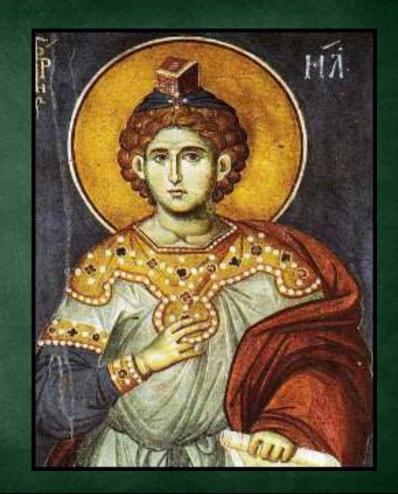


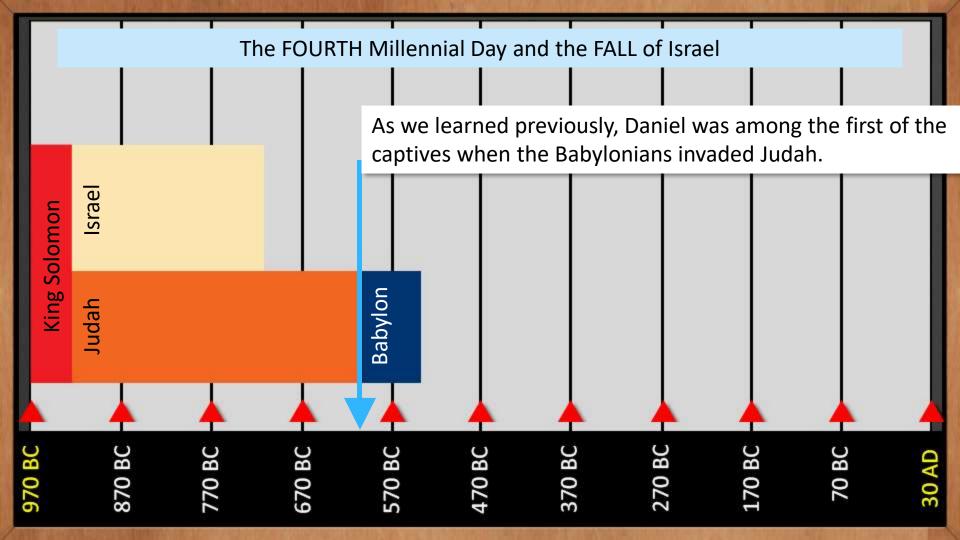
Historians estimate that Daniel lived from 606 BC to 535 BC. He was born a prince in Judah shortly before the Babylonian invasion.

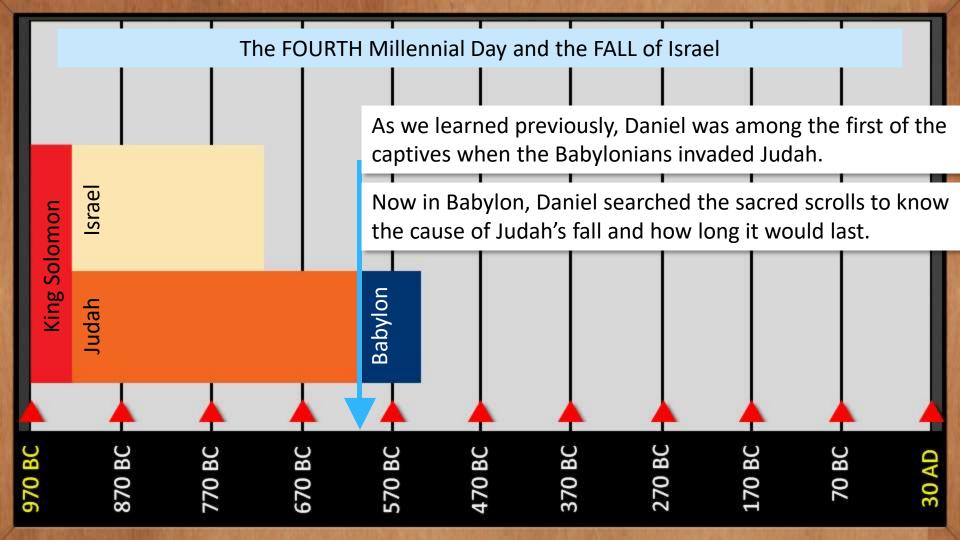


It was Daniel who received the revelation that God "removeth kings, and setteth up kings." His writings refer to the many monarchs under whom he served:

Jehoiakim, king of Judah,
Nebuchadnezzar, king of Babylon,
Belshazzar, king of Babylon,
Darius, king of Medes, and
Cyrus, king of Persia.







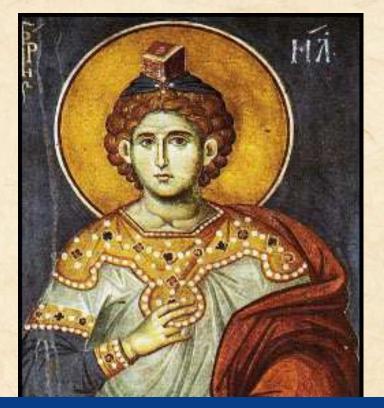
Daniel 9:1-2

- In the first year of Darius the son of Ahasuerus, of the seed of the Medes, which was made king over the realm of the Chaldeans;
- In the first year of his reign I Daniel understood by books the number of the years, whereof the word of the LORD came to Jeremiah the prophet, that he would accomplish seventy years in the desolations of Jerusalem.



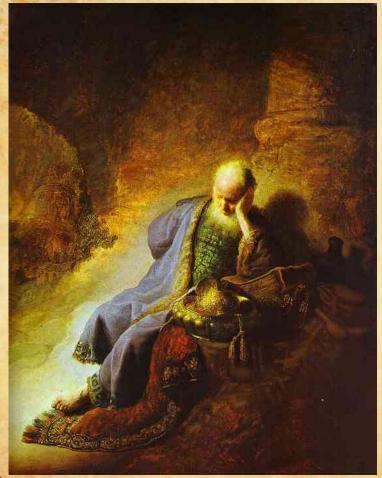
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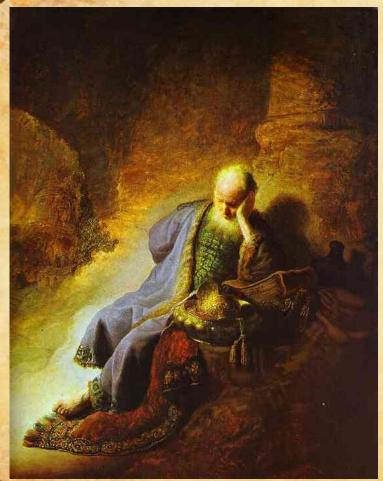
This is recorded in Jeremiah 25 and 29.



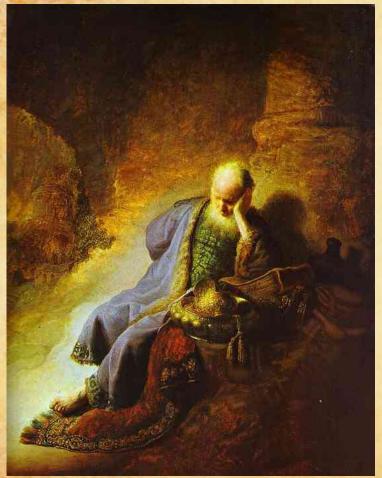


Jeremiah 25:11-12

- And this whole land shall be a desolation, and an astonishment; and these nations shall serve the king of Babylon seventy years.
- And it shall come to pass, when seventy years are accomplished, that I will punish the king of Babylon, and that nation, saith the LORD, for their iniquity, and the land of the Chaldeans, and will make it perpetual desolations.



Jeremiah wrote that after the seventy years were complete, the Jews would be allowed to return to their homeland:



Jeremiah 29:10-11

- That after seventy years be accomplished at Babylon I will visit you, and perform my good word toward you, in causing you to return to this place.
- ¹¹ For I know the thoughts that I think toward you, saith the LORD, thoughts of peace, and not of evil, to give you an expected end.

Daniel learned that the Babylonian captivity would last 70 years.

But Daniel also wanted to know how long it would take for the **complete** restoration of God's chosen people – that is, the fulfillment of the covenants of promise.



After a prolonged season of prayer and fasting, the angel Gabriel came to him with a mysterious message:



Daniel 9:24-27

- Seventy weeks are determined upon thy people and upon thy holy city, to finish the transgression, and to make an end of sins, and to make reconciliation for iniquity, and to bring in everlasting righteousness, and to seal up the vision and prophecy, and to anoint the most Holy.
- ²⁵ Know therefore and understand, *that* from the going forth of the commandment to restore and to build Jerusalem unto the Messiah the Prince *shall be* seven weeks, and threescore and two weeks: the street shall be built again, and the wall, even in troublous times.
- ²⁶ And after threescore and two weeks shall Messiah be cut off, but not for himself: and the people of the prince that shall come shall destroy the city and the sanctuary; and the end thereof *shall be* with a flood, and unto the end of the war desolations are determined.
- ²⁷ And he shall confirm the covenant with many for one week: and in the midst of the week he shall cause the sacrifice and the oblation to cease, and for the overspreading of abominations he shall make *it* desolate, even until the consummation, and that determined shall be poured upon the desolate.

All the answers we are looking for are in this passage!





Daniel 9:24-27	
1) The 70 "Weeks"	
	This prophecy has three sections
	This propriecy has three sections
2) The first 69 weeks	
2) The mist of weeks	
3) The last week	
3) The last week	



First, Gabriel revealed the TIME needed for God's plan to unfold, and the PURPOSE of it.

Daniel 9:24-27 1) The 70 "Weeks"

- 2) The first 69 "weeks"
- 3) The last "week"

Seventy weeks are determined upon thy people and upon thy holy city, to finish the transgression, and to make an end of sins, and to make reconciliation for iniquity, and to bring in everlasting righteousness, and to seal up the vision and prophecy, and to anoint the most Holy.



24 Seventy weeks are determined upon thy people and upon thy holy city, to finish the transgression, and to make an end of sins, and to make reconciliation for iniquity, and to bring in everlasting righteousness, and to seal up the vision and prophecy,

But what is meant by "seventy weeks"?

and to anoint the most Holy.



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The Hebrew word for "weeks" is שָׁבוּעַ (shabuwa), meaning seven, or a period of seven.



24 Seventy weeks are determined upon thy people and upon thy holy city, to finish the transgression, and to make an end of sins, and to make reconciliation for iniquity, and to bring in everlasting righteousness, and to seal up the vision and prophecy,

and to anoint the most Holy.

The New International Version translates this Seventy 'sevens'.

Daniel 9:24-27 1) The 70 "Weeks" 2) The first 69 "weeks" 3) The last "week"

upon thy people and upon thy holy city, to finish the transgression, and to make an end of sins, and to make reconciliation for iniquity, and to bring in everlasting righteousness, and to seal up the vision and prophecy, and to anoint the most Holy.

The Revised Standard Version says it best: Seventy weeks of years.

A week of years is seven years.

Seventy "weeks of years" (70×7) are 490 years.



to finish the transgression, and to make an end of sins, and to make reconciliation for iniquity,

3) The last "week"

²⁴ [490 years] are determined upon thy people and upon thy holy city,

How long?

and to bring in everlasting righteousness, and to seal up the vision and prophecy,

and to anoint the most Holy.

God's plan would be fulfilled over a span of 490 years.



²⁴ [490 years] are determined upon thy people and upon thy holy city, to finish the transgression, and to make an end of sins, and to make reconciliation for iniquity, and to bring in everlasting righteousness, and to seal up the vision and prophecy, and to anoint the most Holy.

Next, Gabriel revealed who this plan was for: "Thy people" Israel and "thy holy city" Jerusalem.

It would take 490 years for God's covenant promises to the Jews and Jerusalem to be completely fulfilled.

Who?



²⁴ [490 years] are determined upon thy people and upon thy holy city, to finish the transgression, and to make an end of sins, and to make reconciliation for iniquity, and to bring in everlasting righteousness, and to seal up the vision and prophecy, and to anoint the most Holy.

Next, Gabriel explained the PURPOSE of these 490 years. These SIX things would be accomplished.

Why?



3) The last "week"

²⁴ [490 years] are determined upon thy people and upon thy holy city, to finish the transgression, and to make an end of sins, and to make reconciliation for iniquity, and to bring in everlasting righteousness, and to seal up the vision and prophecy,

and to anoint the most Holy.

The FIRST THREE spoke to the debt that had to be paid for Israel's transgressions, sins, and iniquity in order to reconcile her to God.

Why?

These three forms of wickedness

– transgressions, sins, and iniquity –
are each named in David's famous
psalm of repentance.

Psalm 32:5

I acknowledged my sin unto thee, and mine iniquity have I not hid.

I said,

I will confess my transgressions unto the LORD;

To **SIN** is to miss the mark. It is "a violation of the divine law in thought or in act." *



*Strong's Concordance, ἀμαρτία (hamartia)

Psalm 32:5

I acknowledged my **sin** unto thee, and mine iniquity have I not hid.

I said,

I will confess my transgressions unto the LORD;

INIQUITY is wickedness or immorality in nature or character. It is not an action, but the *character* of an action.



Psalm 32:5

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A **TRANSGRESSION** is a deliberate act of rebellion against the given standard.



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The Jews had the "usual" sins of humanity to answer for, but more than any people, they also had to answer for their rebelliousness toward God. As Jesus said in Luke 12:48, "unto whomsoever much is given, of him shall be much required."

Why?



²⁴ [490 years] are determined upon thy people and upon thy holy city, to finish the transgression, and to make an end of sins, and to make reconciliation for iniquity, and to bring in everlasting righteousness, and to seal up the vision and prophecy, and to anoint the most Holy.

The LAST THREE speak to the fulfillment of the covenant promises.

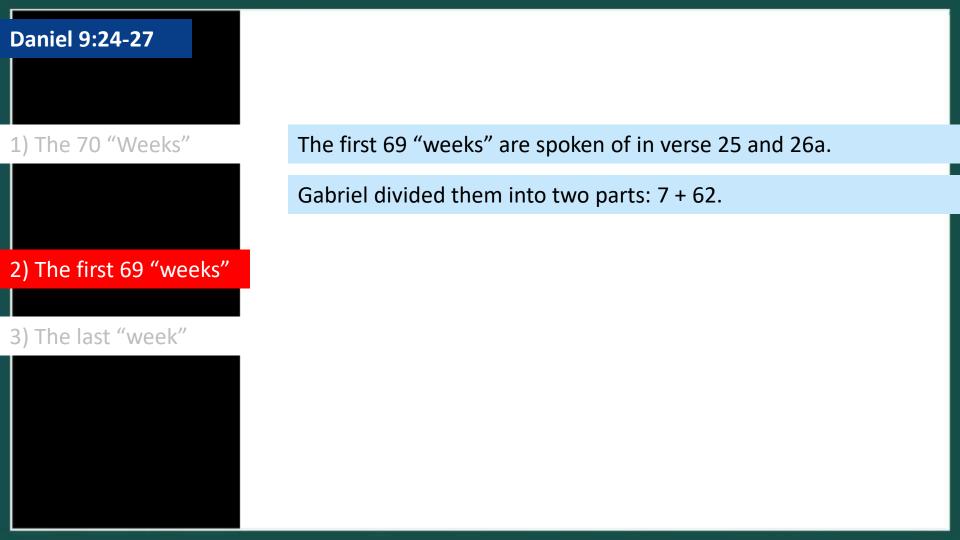
Why?



Having established that it would take **490 years** for God's promises to Israel to be fulfilled, Gabriel now divided those years into two sections:



Having established that it would take "Seventy weeks of years" or 490 years for God's promises to Israel to be fulfilled, Gabriel now divided those seventy weeks into two parts:



1) The 70 "Weeks"

2) The first 69 "weeks"

3) The last "week"

The first 69 "weeks" are spoken of in verse 25 and 26a.

Gabriel divided them into two parts: 7 + 62.

- 25 Know therefore and understand, *that* from the going forth of the commandment to restore and to build Jerusalem unto the Messiah the Prince *shall be* seven weeks, and threescore and two weeks: the street shall be built again, and the wall, even in troublous times.
- ²⁶ And after threescore and two weeks shall Messiah be cut off, but not for himself...

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- 2) The first 69 "weeks"
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- ²⁶ And after threescore and two weeks shall Messiah be cut off, but not for himself...
 - A "score" is 20. "Threescore" is 60. Threescore + 2 = 62.

1) The 70 "Weeks"

2) The first 69 "weeks"

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- ²⁶ And after threescore and two weeks shall Messiah be cut off, but not for himself...
 - 7 + 62 = 69. 69 weeks of years are 483 years.



2) The first 69 "weeks"

3) The last "week"

The first 69 "weeks" are spoken of in verse 25 and 26a.

Gabriel divided then

²⁵ Know therefore and commandment to r Messiah the Prince

weeks: the street sh troublous times.

²⁶ And after threescor but not for himself.

7 weeks of years $(7 \times 7) = 49$ years 62 weeks of years $(62 \times 7) = 434$ years

49 + 434 = 483 years

7 + 62 = 69. 69 weeks of years are 483 years.

1) The 70 "Weeks"

- 2) The first 69 "weeks"
- 3) The last "week"

Here it is a bit simplified:

- 25 Know therefore and understand, *that* from the going forth of the commandment to restore and to build Jerusalem unto the Messiah the Prince *shall be* [49 years], and [434 years]: the street shall be built again, and the wall, even in troublous times.
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Gabriel told Daniel that there would be a period of 483 years from "the going forth of the commandment to restore and to build Jerusalem" until the crucifixion of the Messiah.

1) The 70 "Weeks"

- 2) The first 69 "weeks"

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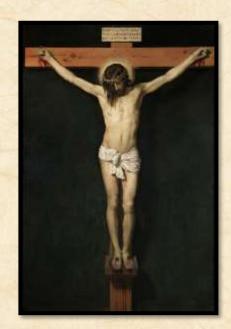
As 1 Corinthians 15:3 says, Jesus died for our sins and not his own.

The commandment to restore and rebuild Jerusalem was made by the Persian king Artaxerxes.



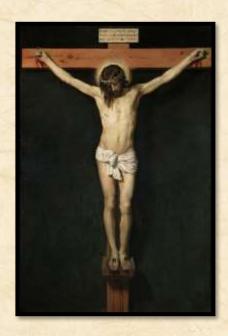
Ezra 7:12-13, 20-21

- ¹² Artaxerxes, king of kings, unto Ezra the priest, a scribe of the law of the God of heaven, perfect *peace*, and at such a time.
- ¹³ I make a decree, that all they of the people of Israel, and *of* his priests and Levites, in my realm, which are minded of their own freewill to go up to Jerusalem, go with thee.
- ²⁰ And whatsoever more shall be needful for the house of thy God, which thou shalt have occasion to bestow, bestow *it* out of the king's treasure house.
- ²¹ And I, even I Artaxerxes the king, do make a decree to all the treasurers which are beyond the river, that whatsoever Ezra the priest, the scribe of the law of the God of heaven, shall require of you, it be done speedily,



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"The time span from Artaxerxes' decree to rebuild the city in March 444 BC until Christ's crucifixion in April AD 33 covered 483 prophetical years (173,880 days). This calculation agrees perfectly with our own solar calendar."



One prophetical year is 360 days. $483 \times 360 = 173,880 \text{ days}$

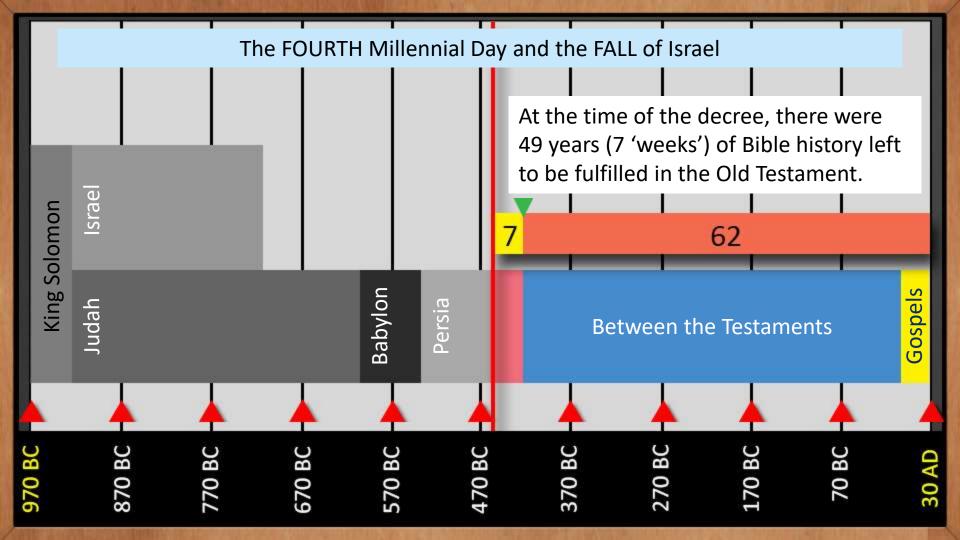
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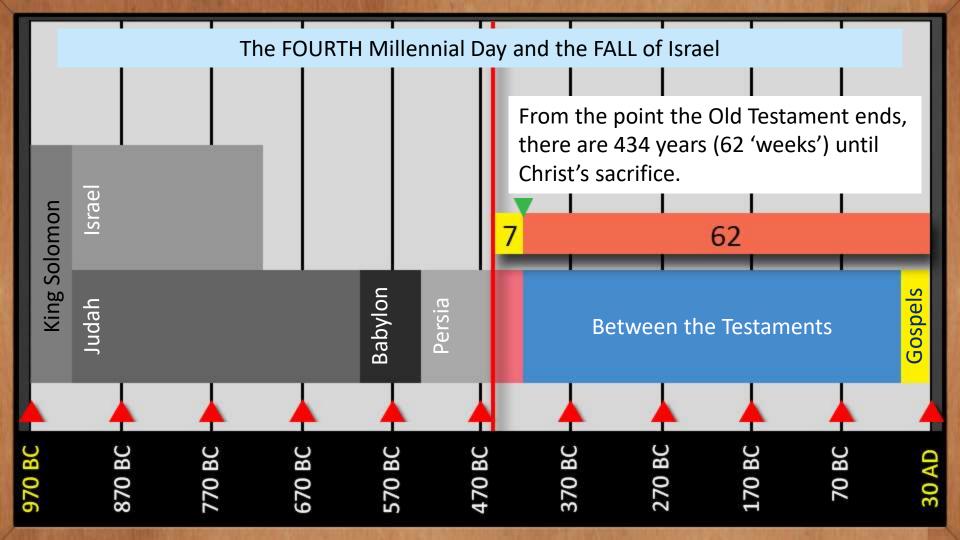
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Why did Gabriel divided the 69 weeks of years into two parts?

Here is a possible explanation:







Daniel 9:24-27 1) The 70 "Weeks"

- 2) The first 69 "weeks"
- 3) The last "week"

This is what we have so far:

Daniel 9:24-26a

- ²⁴ [490 years] are determined upon thy people and upon thy holy city, to finish the transgression, and to make an end of sins, and to make reconciliation for iniquity, and to bring in everlasting righteousness, and to seal up the vision and prophecy, and to anoint the most Holy.
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- ²⁶ And after [these 483 years] shall Messiah be cut off, but not for himself...

Daniel 9:24-27 1) The 70 "Weeks" 2) The first 69 "weeks" 3) The last "week"

The second part of verse 26 speaks of the overthrow of Jerusalem in 70 AD.

... and the people of the prince that shall come shall destroy the city and the sanctuary ...



2) The first 69 "weeks"



The second part of verse 26 speaks of the overthrow of Jerusalem in 70 AD.

26b ... and the people of the prince that shall come shall destroy the city and the sanctuary ...

The prince that shall come is the antichrist. But his time has not yet come. It is the people of the prince who destroy the city and sanctuary – people under the influence of the "that *spirit* of antichrist, whereof ye have heard that it should come; and even now already is it in the world" (1 John 4:3).



26b

Reading verse 26 in its entirety, we see it speaks of both the first 69 weeks, **and** the 70th week that follows:

- And after threescore and two weeks shall Messiah be cut off, but not for himself:
 - and the people of the prince that shall come shall destroy the city and the sanctuary;

and the end thereof *shall be* with a flood, and unto the end of the war desolations are determined.



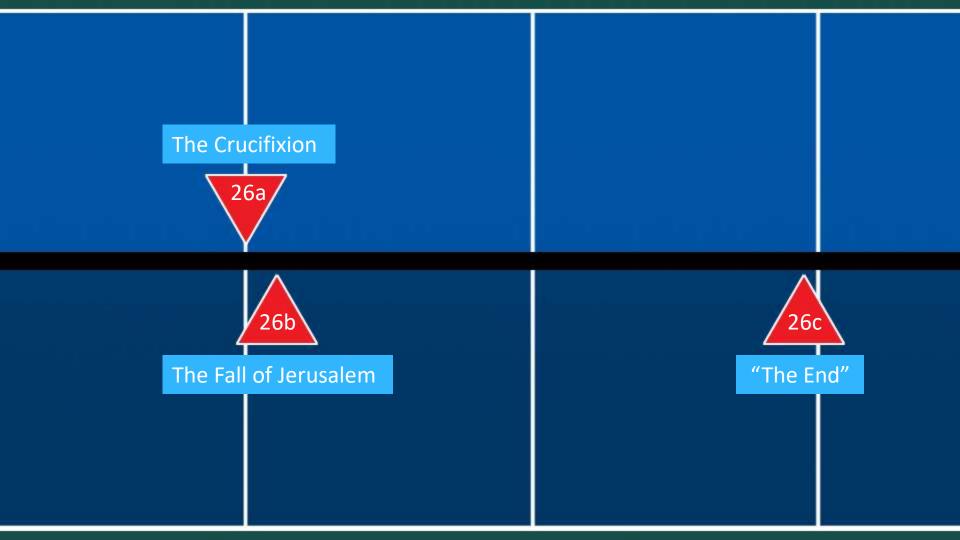
26b

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- And after threescore and two weeks shall Messiah be cut off, but not for himself:
 - and the people of the prince that shall come shall destroy the city and the sanctuary;

There will be a gap of almost 2,000 years between 26a and 26c.

and the end thereof *shall be* with a flood, and unto the end of the war desolations are determined.





God's special ministry to the Gentiles was a secret. Even Gabriel did not know these two days!



This prophecy concerns Israel, not the church, and so the Christian era is like a parenthesis in the count of the 490 years.



1) The 70 "Weeks"

2) The first 69 "weeks"

3) The last "week"

The conclusion of verse 26 speaks of the end, the final "week" of this prophecy. This week begins after the Rapture of the Church.

26c and the end thereof shall be with a flood, and unto the end of the war desolations are determined.

These seven years are the time of the antichrist – the subject of the next lesson.

Questions to Test Your Understanding of this Lesson

- 1. What was Jeremiah's name for the Great Tribulation? (10 pts)
- 2. What is the difference between "the house of Jacob" and "the Israel of God"? (20 pts)
- 3. In the prophesy of Daniel 9:24-27, each "week" represents seven ______. (10 pts)
- 4. In total, how many years are spoken of in this prophecy? (10 pts)
- 5. In Daniel 9:24, what were the six things that are needed to be accomplished to reconcile Israel to God? (20 pts)
- 6. The 69 "weeks" of Daniel 9:25-26a start with _____ and ends with _____. (20 pts)
- 7. What does it mean that the Messiah would "be cut off, but not for himself"? (10 pts)





